Battling on Two Revolutionary Fronts

The Frontier: Captain John Wall (1742-1814)
The Settlement: Agnes McDuffee (1727-1787)

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Western Shores Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution
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Battling on Two Revolutionary Fronts The Frontier: Captain John Wall (1742-1814) The Settlement: Agnes McDuffee (1727-1787)

Service: VIRGINIA - PENNSYLVANIA

Rank(s): CIVIL SERVICE, PATRIOTIC SERVICE, CAPTAIN

Birth: 4-27-1742 NEW JERSEY

Death: 3--1814 HARRISON CO KENTUCKY

Service Source: PA ARCH, 6TH SER, VOL 2, PP 25, 32, 36, 41, 52, 54, 60, 64, 65, 218, 220,

254; CRUMRINE, HIST OF WASHINGTON CO PA, PP 185, 239

Service Description: 1) CAPT, WEST AUGUSTA DIST, 1777; CAPT, 2ND BATTALION,

WASHINGTON CO MILITIA, 1782;

2) JUROR, 1782; SUFFERED DEPREDATION, 17811

April 29, 1742: Captain John Wall² was born in Freehold Township, Monmouth County, East New Jersey. Mother: Catharine Carr, age 22. Father: Garrett Wall, age 27.

July 9, 1755: Battle of the Monongahela/Battle of Braddock's Field. Beginning of the French and Indian War.

British General Edward Braddock launched an offensive to oust the French from the Ohio Valley, aiming to take Fort Duquesne. The fort stood at the confluence of the Ohio and Allegheny Rivers in present-day Pittsburgh,³ a key supply and future trade route. Virginia Colonel George Washington volunteered as his confidential assistant.

General Braddock led the British force of 1,300 men. 456 British were killed, 422 wounded.⁴ Of the 50 women accompanying the force, half were taken captive. Only 4 returned with the British. 23 French and Canadians were killed, 20 wounded. The battle was a "devastating defeat for the British, one of the most disastrous in British colonial history." Virginia Colonel George Washington was key to saving General Braddock's army from "utter annihilation."⁵

¹ <u>https://services.dar.org/Public/DAR_Research/search_adb/?action=full&p_id=A119774</u> (12/15/2021)

² Captain John Wall is my 5th great-grandfather https://www.ancestry.com/family-tree/person/tree/17493328/person/320177052758/facts (12/15/2021)

³ https://www.mountvernon.org/library/digitalhistory/digital-encyclopedia/article/forbes-expedition/ (12/18/2021)

⁴ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Battle of the Monongahela (12/16/2021)

⁵ https://www.mountvernon.org/library/digitalhistory/digital-encyclopedia/article/battle-of-the-monongahela/ (12/18/2021)

September, 1758: The Forbes Expedition. Virginia Colonel George Washington launched the third attack to take Fort Duquesne from the French, while reversing General Braddock's "lamentable" defeat." He dispatched General John Forbes with 6,000 troops. The French burned down the fort and fled with 500 troops, ending the French presence in the Ohio River Valley. Colonel Washington resigned his command of the Virginia Regiment, disappointed he never received a commission in the British Army. Virginia and Pennsylvania entered into a persistent land dispute, both seeking control of the lucrative Ohio River Valley.⁶

January, 1764: Captain John Wall, at the age of 22, married Agnes McDuffee in Monmouth County, New Jersey.⁷ Agnes McDuffee Wall was born December 17, 1745. Mother: Agnes McDuffee (1727-1787). Father: Robert McDuffee (1725-?).

1773: Captain John Wall bought land in Virginia/Pennsylvania,⁸ Washington County, Finleyville Borough, Mount Pleasant Tract.

July 1774: Agnes McDuffee Wall passed away in child birth at the age of 28. Captain John Wall and Agnes McDuffee Wall were married for 10 years and blessed with 2 daughters and 4 sons.

Catherine/28 Jul 1765 (Mrs Bartlett)

James/26 Dec 17669 m. Elinor Boone10

Daniel/7 Sep 1768 m. Lydia Applegate

Benjamin/20 Oct 1770

John, Jr/13 Aug 1772 m. Mary Cartmill

Jane/9 Jul 1774 (Mrs John Williams)

⁶ https://www.mountvernon.org/library/digitalhistory/digital-encyclopedia/article/forbes-expedition/ (12/16/2021)

⁷ Agnes McDuffee Wall (1745-1774) is my 5th great-grandmother https://www.ancestry.com/family-tree/person/tree/17493328/person/322038275943/facts (12/15/2021)

⁸ https://www.geni.com/people/Capt-John-Wall/6000000057362175257? cmp=link&src=record_match&trn=partner_Geni_emails&trp=smart_match_digest (12/16/2021)

⁹ James Wall (1766-1850) is my 4th great-grandfather, the second child of Captain John and Agnes Wall. He served as a scout in the Black Hawk War. He moved 5 families of slaves to Bellefontaine, Logan County, Ohio, freed them and gave each a piece of land. He married Elinor Boone, a *second cousin.* Their 15 children were born in Harrison Co, Kentucky.

¹⁰ My 4th great-grandmother B:13 May 1772, Freehold, Monmouth County, New Jersey, D:17 Aug 1858, Bellefontaine, Logan County, Ohio https://www.ancestry.com/family-tree/person/tree/17493328/person/320177051601/facts (12/15/2021)

1775: Captain John Wall moved from New Jersey to Washington County, Virginia/ Pennsylvania, settling in Mount Pleasant on 405 acres. Virginia and Pennsylvania continued disputing Washington County.

1775: Captain John Wall married Hannah Ketcham (1749-1831).

1776: Captain John Wall assumed command of a company of militia organized to defend the frontier settlements and a fort at the flats of Graves Creek, Virginia, from Indian attacks.¹¹

January 28, 1777: Captain John Wall was one of the militia captains at the Council of War, Catfish Camp, West Augusta District, Virginia, near Washington, Virginia/Pennsylvania. Indian attacks, famine and sickness abounded. The entire frontier border was in a state of emergency.

Fall of 1777: The Continental Army learned the Indian Nations northwest of the Ohio were allying with Great Britain. The Army called upon West Virginia frontiersmen to defend and repel any invasion.¹²

June 28, 1778: Battle of Monmouth Courthouse. Agnes McDuffee (1727-1787),¹³ widow and mother-in-law of Captain John Wall, resided on a farm at the site of the Battle of Monmouth.¹⁴ Family history and American folklore maintain "the old women and children were rushed to a safe place. The younger women followed their men, carrying water to them." On the hottest day of a hot summer, MaryHays/Molly Pitcher witnessed her husband fall. She took his place in the fight.

"Women often followed their husbands in the Continental Army. These women, known as camp followers, cooked, washed and mended clothes, and provided medical care." They also joined in the fight.

"At the Battle of Monmouth, Mary Ludwig Hays/Molly Pitcher, brought soldiers water from a local well on an extremely hot and humid day. She replaced her wounded husband at his artillery piece, firing on the oncoming British."

¹¹ https://www.genealogy.com/forum/surnames/topics/wall/1071/ (12/16/2021)

¹² http://www.historichampshire.org/foreman.htm (12/16/2021)

¹³ Agnes McDuffee (1727-1787) is my 6th great-grandmother https://www.ancestry.com/family-tree/person/tree/17493328/person/322038652031/facts (12/15/2021)

https://www.battlefields.org/learn/maps/monmouth-jun-28-1778-700-am-noon (12/15/2021); https://www.battlefields.org/learn/revolutionary-war/battles/monmouth (12/15/2021); https://www.battlefields.org/learn/articles/women-american-revolution (12/16/2021)

Agnes McDuffee was with these women and was a friend and neighbor of Molly Pitcher¹⁵.



Source: American Battlefield Trust

General George Washington planned to attack the British as they marched through New Jersey. General Lee rejected this plan, calling it "madness" to confront 15,000 British troops. The Marquis de Lafayette advised Washington to strike the British while they were dispersed over the countryside. General Washington offered the command to the Marquis de Lafayette, triggering General Lee to reluctantly agree to lead the attack.

General Washington dispatched General Lee and 5,000 troops to harass the British rear, ahead of the arrival of the main Continental Army of 6,000. General Lee was to engage the British until General Washington arrived with the Army, marching from Valley Forge where they had spent the previous winter and spring. General Lee spent several hours fighting that day, awaiting General Washington's arrival. General Lee retreated, as General Washington "rode through the ranks on his white charger, inspiring the soldiers."

By evening, both sides were exhausted, killed or wounded. More were collapsing in the 100 degree heat. General Washington's horse died in the heat. By sunrise, General Washington learned the British had retreated towards New York. The British escaped. The Americans claimed victory.

General George Washington was renowned for his great control over his temper. "Few people beyond his immediate family and closest aides ever saw him lose his composure." But on the afternoon of June 28, 1778, General Washington exploded with rage at his second in command. When General Washington encountered General Lee

¹⁵ https://www.findagrave.com/memorial/43305389/john-wall (12/18/2021)

¹⁶ https://www.mountvernon.org/library/digitalhistory/digital-encyclopedia/article/battle-of-monmouth/ (12/18/2021)

on the road near Monmouth Courthouse, he cursed his second in command so vehemently the "leaves on the tree shook."

1777-1782: Washington County was under the jurisdiction of Virginia when Captain John Wall served as a captain of the militia. During the Revolution, he served as Captain of the 2nd Battalion, Washington County Militia, under Pennsylvania commission.¹⁷

During the Revolution, the ongoing dispute between Virginia and Pennsylvania over Washington County was suspended. Although Captain John Wall had bought his land in 1775, it was years later, on December 3, 1787, that he received the patent from the Supreme Executive Council of the State [of Pennsylvania] for the ownership of Mount Pleasant. His land was finally decreed to be in Pennsylvania, but Captain John Wall always considered himself a Virginian.

1789-1791: Captain John Wall, Hannah Ketcham Wall and their family moved to Mason County, Kentucky. His third son, Daniel, married and stayed in Mason County. The rest of the family moved on to the Blue Grass region of Harrison County, Kentucky. They settled on land in the town of Cynthiana by the Licking River.

1794-1795: Captain John Wall served as an associate judge and was one of the founders and trustees of the town of Cynthiana. ¹⁸ He lived the remainder of his life there, a "highly honored and influential citizen." ¹⁹

June 18, 1814: John Wall passed away in Cynthiana at the age of 72.

¹⁷ DAR record, V.1 (1925-7), pp. 204-207; prepared by LoEmma Temperance (Strong) Chester, #122532, William Henry Harrison Chapter, Valparaiso, IN; https://www.geni.com/people/Capt-John-Wall/6000000057362175257?

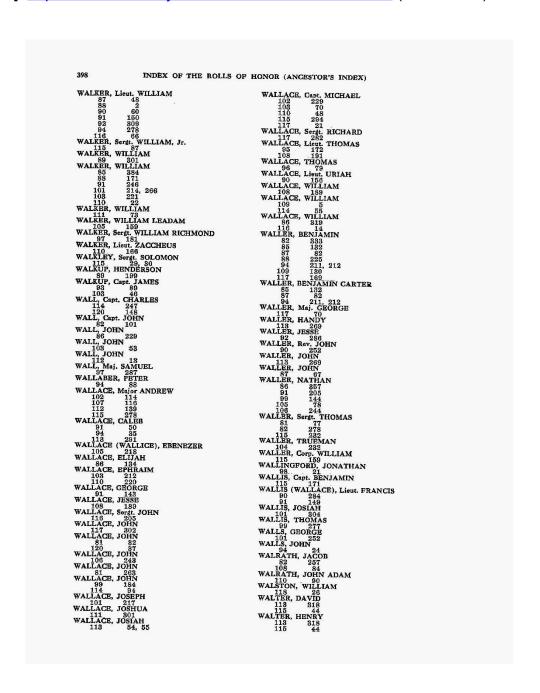
cmp=link&src=record match&trn=partner Geni emails&trp=smart match digest (12/14/2021)

¹⁸ https://books.google.com https://www.google.com (12/16/2021)

¹⁹ https://books.google.com (12/16/2021)

Appendix A

Index of the Rolls of Honor (Ancestor's Index) in the Lineage Books of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Vol. III [database on-line]. https://www.ancestry.com/search/collections/48099/ (12/14/2021)



Appendix B

Bourbon, Harrison, Nicholas, and Scott Counties, Kentucky History https://www.ancestry.com/family-tree/person/tree/17493328/person/320177052758/facts (12/14/2021)

HISTORY OF HARRISON COUNTY.

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In 1879, a very pretty and completely equipped post office building was erected on Pike street, by Miss Mattie D. Todd, at an expense of \$3.000. The lot was purchased of C. A. Webster for \$600. The brick work was done by the late J. J. Parish. Few towns of 2,000 inhabitants, if any other, are so handsomely supplied, in this regard, as Cynthiana.

The Rankin House, now known as the Smith House, was finished about the close of the late war. It is valued at \$18,000, is three stories high, and stands fifteen feet from the railroad, on the south side of Pike street. It will accommodate about one hundred and fifty guests, and on great occasions, twice that number have found entertainment under its roof. The Smith House is well and favorably known throughout the country. At the time of the last battle of Cynthiana, in 1864, it was under cover, and the floors were in position, but otherwise the building was unfinished. The Federals made a stand in the house, occupying each of the three stories, and firing from the windows. The walls still bear many marks of the Confederate shot, not defacing the building, but only reminding the traveler of the late "unpleasantness."

Within the last fifteen years, our town has been adorned by a considerable number of new and beautiful dwelling houses, evincing both the prosperity and good taste of the people. Special mention may be made of the splendid mansion of Mrs. J. A. Cook, delightfully situated on Pike street, cost \$415,000. On the same street, J. W. Musselman's fine residence, \$9,000; Dr. John O. Hodges', now owned by F. G. Ashibrook, \$10,000; Joseph H. Shawhan's, now owned by Lee Whaley, \$5,000. On Church street J. A. Remington's, \$5,000; H. F. Cromwell's, \$4,500. On Main street, W. W. Longmoor's, \$4,500; John G. Montgomery's, \$10,000; Paul King's, \$4,500. On Penn street, C. B Cook's, \$20,000. On Walnut street, Dr. T. W. Hedges' \$6,500. These and many others of recent erection, together with those of older date, give our place an air of solidity and commercial strength.

In 1854, the Kentucky Central Railroad was finished, passing through the eastern limits of our city, since which time we have had the convenience of an express office. The first express officer was T. R. Rankin; the second, A. S. Welch, appointed in 1866; D. W. Jewett in 1869, and the same year, the present incumbent, Col. John T. Hogg. The completion of the railroad was celebrated here by a grand picnic, on the 8th of June, 1854, on the ground now the site of Hon. T. J. Megibben's new residence. During the day, summer as it was, the weather turned wintry cold, and all the blankets that could be purchased or borrowed, were put in requisition, and still the light-clad throng suffered intensely.

Many from Covington and other points, who had come attired in summer apparel, concluded to stay in town till a change of weather. Since that period railroad connections have greatly multiplied, till now, a passenger may enter the train at Cynthiana and proceed to the Atlantic Ocean by way of Riehmond, Va., without change of cars.

Our town is lighted at night by street lamps, at an annual cost for fluid and attendance of \$650.

We are distant from Cincinnati sixty-six miles; from Lexington, thirty-three miles; from Georgetown, twenty-one miles; from Melresburg, twelve miles; from Paris, fifteen miles. The population of Cynthiana in 1810 was 369; in 1830, 978; in 1840, 798; in 1860, 1,237; in 1882, 2,006; the latter number being taken from the census of assessor for the present year, Mr. C. G. Land. According to the same authority, the assessed value of the property of the town for the present year, was \$707,000, the actual value, of course, being much greater. Of the population, 2,006, 1,213 were white, and 793 colored; white males over twenty-one, 307; colored males over twenty-one, 163; German voters, 35; Irish voters, 24.

Latitude of Cynthiana, 37° 23'. Longitude west of Washington, 7° 17'.

By way of brief notice, we subjoin the following sketches of some of the prominent men, whose lives have made part and parcel of the history of our city.

MAJ. WILLIAM K. WALL.

The subject of this sketch had an intellect so strong, and his superiority was so pronounced that we naturally inquire who were his progenitors, and under what influences his mind and character were developed?

During the Colonial days, but the exact time is not recollected, three brothers—Nicholas, Garrett and James Wall—emigrated from England to this country, and settled in New Jersey. Garrett Wall, the grandfather of William K. Wall, removed from New Jersey to Virginia, where his son, John Wall, was born, in 1742. John Wall was married twice; his second wife was a widow, and her name was Hannah Cronondike, and her maiden name was Ketchum. She was a native of New Jersey, and was eight years the junior of her husband. She and John Wall were married in 1779, and moved from Virginia to Pennsylvania, where four sons were born to them, Garrett, Samuel, Stephen and the subject of this sketch, who was born in Washington County, in that State, on the 19th of May, 1786.

John Wall came thence with his family to Kentucky, about 1791, sojourning a short time in Mason County. He moved to Harrison County in the early part of 1792, purchased a tract of land situate about one and one-half miles

Appendix C

A roster of Revolutionary ancestors of the Indiana Daughters of the American Revolution : commemoration of the United States of America, Vol. I https://www.ancestry.com/search/collections/29740 (12/15/2021)

INDIANA DAR

- WALKER, JAMES, CONT., CHILDREN: Jennie, m. Sackett Husted. 'DESCENDANT: MARSH, Emily E. (Mrs. Charles E.), No. 40294.
- WALKER, JOHN, b. Sept. 1754, Antrim Co., Ireland, d. 14 Oct. 1844, Posey Co., Ind., m. 1790, Nancy Stewart, b. 1761, d. 1853, Posey County, Ind. SERVICE: Enlisted in Chester, S. C. in 1775 and served as Pvt. in Capt. Michael' Dixon's Co. Col. Lacey's Regt. He served other enlistments under different commanders. Pvt., Ga. Widow's pension. CHILDREN: John; Joseph; Margaret; Jane, b. 1807, m. Turner Nelson; William, b. 1802, m. Margaret Floro. DESCENDANT: KORFF, Evelyn A. Wilson (Mrs. Henry Chester), No. 386988.
- WALKER, MOSES, b. ca. 1763, d. aft. 1790, m. 1781, Miss English. SERVICE: Private in the 6th Rgt. of Continental Line under Col. McRee. Enlisted Oct. 1777, N. C. DESCENDANT: CRAWFORD, Elsie Ashby (Mrs. Carl E.), No. 117118.
- WALKER, SAMUEL, b. 1758, Rockbridge Co., Va., d. 1834, Wayne Co., Ind., m. ca. 1781, Rebecca Dryden, b. 15 Apr. 1759. SERVICE: When this veteran applied for pension in 1832 and 1833, it was alleged, "He enlisted in the fall of 1777 or 1778 and served as private in Capt. William Paxton's Va. Co." Soon afterwards he served 3 mos. as a private in Capt. Charles Campbell's Co., Col. Dowmans Va. Regt. He served in a Co. of Spies, commanded by Capt. William McConnell on tours over a period of several months. Pension certificate issued No. 13866 June 29, 1833. CHILDREN: Margaret, b. 25 Nov. 1781, m. Samuel Holmes; Nancy, b. 30 June 1783, m. William Scarce; John, b. 26 Mar. 1785, m. Elizabeth Allen; Rebecca, b. 16 Jan. 1789; Thomas, b. 16 July 1791; Samuel, b. 30 Mar. 1794, m. Rebecca Daugan; James, b. 1796, m. Jane Campbell; Elizabeth, b. 8 Nov. 1798, m. Andrew Harmon; Sarah Ann, b. 10 Nov. 1800, m. Joseph Campbell; Jane, b. 11 Apr. 1802. DESCEND-ANT: BECKELHYMER, Mildred Winner, No. 356974.
- WALKER, WILLIAM, b. 10 Feb. 1761, Va., d. 1815, Washington Co., Ky., m. Martha (Polly) Logan. SERVICE: Served 8 years, enlisting the 2nd time as a substitute. He was a Quartermaster General, Va. CHILDREN: Richard Logan, b. 8 Aug. 1794, m. Mahala Harris. DESCENDANT: Mc-

- WALKER, WILLIAM, CONT., MURTRY, Mary Ellis (Mrs. Charles), No. 504599.
- WALL, JOHN, b. 29 Apr. 1742, East N. J., d. June 1814, Harrison Co., Ky., m. (1) ca. 1764, East N. J., Agnes McDuffie, b. 18 Dec. 1748, d. 1774, (2) Hannah Ketchum. SERVICE: Capt., He moved to Washington Co. Pa. in 1775. Bought 400 acres of land, part of tract called Mount Pleasant. The Village of Finleyville now occupies the site of his early buildings. The Mansion House which he built was of substantial character and is pictured in the Historical Atlas of Washington Co. Pa. Capt. Wall did not obtain a patent for this land until Dec. 3, 1787, owing to its being part of disputed territory claimed by Pa. and Va. Hence the Military and war service of Capt. John Wall was recognized by Pa. CHIL-DREN: (1st wife) Catherine, b. July 1765, m. William --; James, b. Dec. 1766, m. Ellen Wall; Daniel, b. Sept. 1768; Benjamin, b. Oct. 1770; John, b. Aug. 1772; (2nd wife) Garrett, b. Dec. 1777; Natalia, b. 1786. DESCENDANT: RE-CORD, Mayanne (Miss), No. 572787.
- WALLEN, THOMAS, b. 1723, Baltimore, Md., d. 1792, Wheeling, W. Va., hr. ca. 1747, Maryland, Ann —. SERVICE: Patriot as Judge in first court of Ohio Co., W. Va. (then Va.) Jan. 16, 1779. CHILDREN: Narcissa, b. 8 June 1749, d. 5 Dec. 1801, m. Ezekial Worley; Ann; Catherine; Eliza; Augusta. DESCENDANT: McKIBBEN, Jane Highland (Mrs. John Eugene), No. 291719.
- WALTER, ADAM, b. ca. 1750, ca. York Co., Pa., d. 1830, Adams Co., Pa., m. (1) Sophia Gilbert, (2) ca. 1771, Catharine Donad, b. ca. 1753, d. aft. 1829, when Adam made will. SERVICE: Private, 6th Co., 5th Batl., York Co. Pa. Militia. CHILDREN: Henry; Catharine, m. Henry Knris; Susannah, m. Henry Little; Elizabeth, m. Barnhart Hoffman; Sophia, m. Jacob Walds; John, b. 1786; Adam; Matthias; George; George; Jacob, b. 16 Dec. 1780, d. 22 Aug. 1837, m. (2) 1813, Rebecca Sharp, b. 6 Aug. 1792, York Co., Pa., d. 10 Sept. 1852, Tipp. Co., Ind. DESCENDANT: SILKE, Alta Wallace (Mrs. Fred), No. 244925.
- WALTMAN, CONRAD, b. 1715, Bavaria, Germany, d. 1798, Penn., m. bef. 1738, Catherine Bierly, b. 1718, Bavaria, Germany, d. 25 Mar. 1786, Northampton Co., Pa. SERVICE: His name appears as a private on a muster roll of Capt. Rundis, company of Northampton Co. Militia

Appendix D

Monmouth: Monmouth Courthouse https://www.battlefields.org/learn/revolutionary-war/battles/monmouth (12/18/2021)



Monmouth MONMOUTH COURTHOUSE

New Jersey | Jun 28, 1778

On a hot and humid June 28, 1778, General George Washington and his subordinate, General Charles Lee, attacked rearguard elements of General Sir Henry Clinton's British Army.

Although the American army outnumbered its foe two-to-one and had undergone extensive training in the art of war during its winter encampment at Valley Forge, Lee, who launched the initial attack, lacked confidence in the ability of the Continental soldiers under his command. In failing to press his advantage, Lee ceded the initiative to his British counterpart, General Charles Lord Cornwallis, who commanded the rear elements of Clinton's army.

What began as a promising opportunity devolved into a potential disaster. As Washington approached the fighting, he encountered panic stricken troops fleeing the enemy. Enraged, he galloped ahead of his wing, In an angry confrontation on the field of battle, Washington removed Lee from command.

Rallying what troops he had, Washington continued the assault on the British. The commanding general's delaying action gave time for the rest of the Continental Army to come up and join the battle.

Washington placed General Nathanael Greene's division on the right and the division of General William Alexander, "Lord" Stirling, on the left. Lee's men were turned over to the Marquis de Lafayette, who kept those troops in reserve. General "Mad" Anthony Wayne assumed command over other elements of Lee's force and manned Lafayette's front. Artillery was placed on both flanks, with the guns on the right positioned to rain enfilading fire on the British.

An American counterattack on the British right forced the Redcoats to fall back and reorganize. Cornwallis then led his men in attack on Greene's division. Supported by artillery, Greene's men stiffened their line and repulsed Cornwallis and his troops.

The fighting see-sawed back and forth under the brutal June sun for several hours. By 6:00 P.M., however, the British felt they had enough. While Wayne wanted to press the attack, Washington demurred, believing that his men were "beat out and with heat and fatigue."

The British did not give Washington a chance to renew the fight in the morning, slipping away under the cover of darkness and resuming their withdrawal to New York City.

MONMOUTH: FEATURED RESOURCES



REV WAR | ARTICLE In the Heat of the Moment at Monmouth



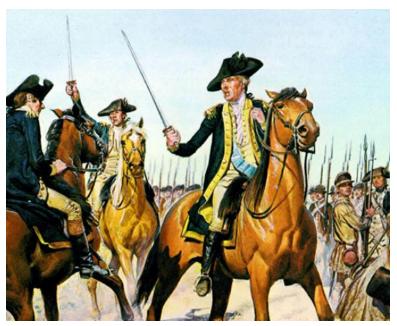
REV WAR | VIDEO Valley Forge



REV WAR | ARTICLE Women in the American Revolution



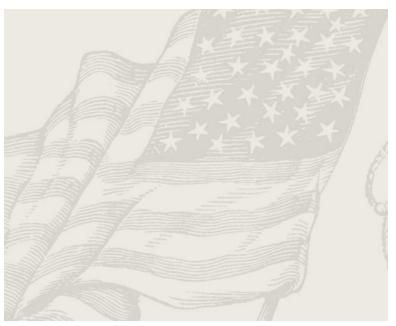
REV WAR | BIOGRAPHY Marquis de Lafayette



REV WAR | ARTICLE Monmouth



REV WAR | VIDEO The Soldiers of The Continental Army in the Revolutionary War



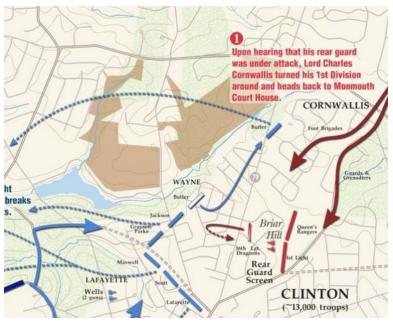
REV WAR | ARTICLE The Fighting Man of the Continental Army



REV WAR | VIDEO The Revolutionary War Animated Map



REV WAR | BIOGRAPHY Molly Pitcher



REV WAR | BATTLE MAP Monmouth | Jun 28, 1778 | 7:00 am to Noon



REV WAR | HISTORICAL MAP Germantown - October 4, 1777

MONMOUTH: SEARCH ALL RESOURCES All battles of the Philadelphia Campaign

Leaflet

FULL REVOLUTIONARY WAR MAP

1

REV WAR | BATTLE

Brandywine

Pennsylvania | Sep 11, 1777

2

REV WAR | BATTLE

Paoli

Pennsylvania | Sep 20, 1777

3

REV WAR | BATTLE

Germantown

Philadelphia | Oct 4, 1777

4

REV WAR | BATTLE

Monmouth

New Jersey | Jun 28, 1778

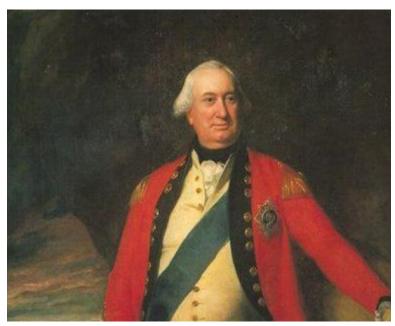
Battle Facts

Manalapan, NJ | June 28, 1778 Result: Inconclusive

COMMANDERS



AMERICAN George Washington



BRITISH Charles Cornwallis

FORCES ENGAGED 26,000

AMERICAN 11,000

BRITISH 15,000

ESTIMATED CASUALTIES 1,300

AMERICAN 600

BRITISH 700